

بلاد آشور في عهد الملك الآشوري سين – شار – إشكن

(٦٢٢-٦١٢ ق.م)

م.م. خالد علي خطاب\*

تاريخ التقديم: ٢٠٠٩/٢/١٥

تاريخ القبول: ٢٠٠٩/٤/١

المقدمة

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تسميته:

(sin-šār-GAR-un) :

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(1) AHW, 11, P.1046.

(2) Borger, R. Babylonisch-Assyrisch Lesestuecke, Heft, I, Berlin, 1979, P.99.

(3) CDA, P.324: a.

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اعتلاؤه العرش:

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(1) CDA, P.361: b.

(2) CDA, P.348: a.

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(4) Borger, R., Der Aufstieg des neubabylonischen Reiches, JCS, Vol.19, 1965, P.76.

(5) Luckenbill, D.D., Ancient Records of Assyria and Babylonia, Vol.2, New York, 1968, P.413.

(6) Robert, William, A History of Babylonia and Assyria, New York, 1915, P.472.

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نشاطاته العمرانية:

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(3) Ibid, P.472.

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- 1) *a-na-ku* <sup>DIŠ.d</sup> 30.MAN.GAR-un  
 MAN GAL MAN dan-nu MAN ŠÚ MAN <sup>KUR</sup> aš-šur<sup>KI</sup>  
 DUMU <sup>DIŠ</sup> aš-šur.DÛ.A  
 MAN GAL MAN dan-nu MAN ŠÚ MAN <sup>KUR</sup> aš-šur<sup>KI</sup>  
 MAN <sup>KUR</sup> EME-ri u URI<sup>KI</sup> MAN kib-rat LÍMMU-ti  
 5) DUMU <sup>DIŠ</sup> aš-šur-PAP.AŠ MAN GAL MAN dan-nu  
 MAN ŠÚ MAN <sup>KUR</sup> aš-šur<sup>KI</sup>  
 GÌR.NÍTA KÁ.DINGIR<sup>KI</sup> MAN <sup>KUR</sup> EME-ri U URI<sup>KI</sup>  
 DUMU <sup>DIŠ</sup> 30.PAP.MEŠ.SU MAN GAL MAN dan-nu  
 MAN ŠÚ MAN <sup>KUR</sup> aš-šur<sup>KI</sup> NUN la ša-na-an  
 ŠÀ.BAL.BAL <sup>DIŠ</sup> LUGAL.GI.NA MAN GAL MAN dan-  
 nu MAN ŠÚ MAN <sup>KUR</sup> aš-šur<sup>KI</sup> GÌR.NÍTA KÁ.DINGIR<sup>KI</sup>  
 MAN <sup>KUR</sup> EME-ri u URI<sup>KI</sup>  
 10) *mu-ud-diš* É.KUR-re É<sup>d</sup>PA EN-ia ša qé-reb BAL.TIL  
 TÛR šú-a-tú ina a-gúr-ri pi-ti-iq <sup>d</sup>NUN.UR.RA ak-šir<sup>( )</sup>

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(1) Walkar, C.B.F., Cuneiform brick inscriptions, London, 1981, PP.126-7, No. 189 ; ARAB, Vol.2, P.416, No.1162.

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(É.GAL)

الأوضاع العسكرية والسياسية في عهده:

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(1) Streck, M., Assurbanipal, Vol.2, Leipzig , 1961, PP.388-9.

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- 1-[a-de]-e ša <sup>md</sup>30. MAN.GAR! -[un MAN KUR-aš-šur<sup>KI</sup>]  
[DU] MU <sup>m</sup>AN.ŠÁR.DÙ.A [MAN ŠÙ MAN KUR-aš-šur<sup>KI</sup>]  
[T]A\* <sup>m</sup>dAG.A.[S]UM-na [ x x x x x x ]  
[T]A\* <sup>m</sup>ITI!.AB-a!-a [ x x x x x x ]  
5-[T]A\* <sup>m</sup>aq-ri [ x x x x x x x ]  
[i-n]a ma-har <sup>d</sup>S[AG!.ME.GAR <sup>d</sup>dil-bat x x x ]  
rest broken away  
Rev.1 [ x x x x x ] x x [ x x x x x x ]  
[MU AN.ŠÁR] EN si- i! -r[i x x x ]  
[ša] a-a -bi ra-im-a-nu ša [ke-nu-ti]  
[ša LUG]AL ÁG! -ú-ni za-ia-ra-an- šú [ú-hal-li-qu-ni]  
5 [man-nu š]a da!-bab tup-pi an-ni-e e -[nu-u-ni]  
[x a-de]-e DINGIR.MEŠ GAL.MEŠ i-hat-t[u!-u-ni]  
[x x] šá AN-e u KI.TIM ar-rat la na[p-šú-ri]  
[GIG-t]- ú li-ri-im-šú-nu e-liš i-na T[I.LA.MEŠ]  
[Li-su-uh-š] u-nu šap-liš i-na KI.TIM e!- [tim-ma-šú-nu]  
10 [A.ME]Š Lu-u-za-am-me <sup>d</sup>30 <sup>d</sup>ŠEŠ.KI A[N-c u KI-TIM]  
SAHAR.ŠUB-pu ki-ma na-ah-lap-ti Lu-u-hal-lip-šú-[nu]  
ma!-za-sa-šú!!-nu TA\* ŠÁ É.KUR É.GAL Lu-hal-liq

(1) Parpola. Simo and watanabe. Kazuko., Neo-Assyrian Treaties and Loyalty Oaths, SAA, Vol.II, Helsinki, 1988, P.72, 73.

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*NUMUN.MEŠ-šu-nu sa-lam-[a]-ni-šú-nu i-na IZI i-kar-ru-r[u]*

*di-pa-ra-šú-nu i-na A.MEŠ ú-bal- Lu – [ú]* <sup>(١)</sup>

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*šum-ma at-tu-nu ina ŠÀ a-de-e*  
*an-nu-te šá<sup>md</sup> 30-MAN-GAR-un*  
*LUGAL KUR-aš.šur<sup>KI</sup> EN-ku-nu*  
*DUNU.MEŠ-šú DUMU-DUMU.MEŠ-šú*

(1) Grayson. A.K. JCS, NO. 39, New Haven, 1987, P.150; See also: SAA, Vol.II, Helsinki, 1988, P.72, 73.

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*ta-ha-ti-a-ni*

*<sup>d</sup>U.GUR EN git-ma-lu*

*[d] a-me-ku-nu ina har-ri [n] a-da-[b] a-k[i]*<sup>(١)</sup>

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(1) Grayson. A.K, OP.Cit, P.154.

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C.J. Gadd, The Fall of Nineveh, London, 1923, P.6.  
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## الأوضاع الاقتصادية في عهده:

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sin-šār- - -

( ) ( . - ) akšun

(<sup>(١)</sup>) ( . - ) (<sup>(١)</sup>) salmu-šarru-iqbi - -

(<sup>(١)</sup>) ( . - )

(<sup>(١)</sup>)

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(1) CAD, A, II, P.115: b.

(2) Assur, 2 = AL-Rafidan, Vol.7, No.2, Rev.31.

(3) Reade, J.E, Assyrian Eponyms, Kings and Pretenders, 648-605 B.C., Orientalia, Vol.67, 1988, P.256.

(4) Rander, K, "The Neo-Assyrian Period" Security for Debt in Ancient Near Eastern Law, Nether Lands, 2001, P.286.

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AHW	Von sodden, W., Akkadiseches Handwoterbuch, (Wiesbaden), 1965-1981.
ARAB	Luckenbill, D.D, Ancient Records of Assyrian and Babylonia, Vol.2, (New York 1927).
BAL	Borger, R., Babylonische-Assyrische Lesetucke (Roma, 1994)
CBI	Cuneiform Brick Inscriptions.
CDA	Black, J., and others, A concise Dictionary of Akkadian, Wiesbaden, 2 <sup>th</sup> , ed., 2000.
JCS	Journal of Cuneiform Studies (U.S.A).
ORIENTALIA	Reade, J.E, Assyrian Eponyins, king and pretenders, (648-605 B.C.)
SAA	State Archives of Assyria

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平江府志卷之四 風俗志 一 風俗志

政 府 公 報

全案

解題

【4】**西遊記**

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Figure 1

中島五、林房雄、  
姓近江正吉、血倉、

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收小星翅燕燕正紅國

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***Situation of Assyria in the Reign of the Assyrian  
King Sin-Shar-Ushkun (622-612 B.C.)***

**Khalid Ali Khattab\***

***Abstract***

The era of the Assyrian king Sin-Shar-Ushkun is of the critical and hard periods in which the Assyrian kingdom has experienced in. The country witnessed many difficulties. The kingdom subdivided into many provinces and districts that were already under the control the Assyrian kingdom during the period of his father the king Assur-Banipal.

Similarly there were many problems inland in the capital Nineveh itself. The internal conspiracies were plotted in the Assyrian royal palace. Moreover, there were many political alliances against Assyrian by the neighboring countries like Medians and Scythians. These were behind the dismembering the Assyrian Royal palace. The study sheds light on this vague period due to the paucity of references that are available on this are which could be ascribed to the problems then.

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\* Dept. of Cuneiform Studies/ College of Archeology/ University of Mosul.

بلاد آشور في عهد الملك الآشوري سين - شار - إشكُن (٦٢٢-٦١٢ ق.م) م.م. خالد علي خطاب